

BIT

2nd Semester

May, 2010

Course /Title No: Data Structure Through-C (BIT-203)

Time Allowed: 2 ½ Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

Min Pass Marks: 32

Note: Attempt all questions from Section A and B and only two questions from Section C

Section: A (Very short answer type questions to be answered in about 20 words)
(Marks: 8x2 =16)

1. i) How is static array represented in memory
- ii) State the difference between Linear and Binary search algorithms.
- iii) State any three applications of stacks.
- iv) What are the advantages of dynamic queue over static queue.
- v) State the syntax of malloc and calloc functions.
- vi) How are void pointers different from other pointers?
- vii) State any two advantages of double linked lists over singly linked lists.
- viii) What are various possible tree traversal techniques? State each briefly.

Section: B (Short answer type questions to be answered in about 250 words)
(Marks: 4x8 =32)

2. Write a function to search a number from a list of numbers using Binary search algorithm.
3. Write a program to implement a stack of numbers. Write push and POP functions.
4. Discuss the difference between call by value and call by reference.
5. Write a function to delete a node from a doubly linked list.

Section: C (Long answer type question to be answered in about 500 words)

Marks: (2x16=32)

6. i) What are various sorting algorithms? State the difference between Bubble sort, selection sort and quick sort algorithms.
- ii) Write N function for inserting an element in a static array
7. What is a Queue? Differentiate between a static, dynamic and priority queues. Implement a queue using arrays. Write functions for inserting and removing elements.
8. i) What is a dynamic array? How a dynamic array is created using pointers?
- ii) Demonstrate the use of pointers to pass a function as an argument to another function through a program.
9. i) What is a Binary Search Tree. Explain the operations of inserting and searching in a binary search tree.
- ii) What is a Binary Tree? Discuss pre-order, post-order and in-order tree traversal techniques

Use of Push
and Pop